Synopsis Seminar	
Seminar Title	: Valorization of Agricultural Byproducts into Sustainable and Active Food Packaging Systems
Speaker	: Santhosh R (Rollno : 519fp1007)
Supervisor	: Prof. Preetam Sarkar
Venue	: CH-306
Date and Time	: 18 Oct 2024 (4 PM)
Abstract	: Globally, plastic production is mounting to new heights every year, along with its waste accumulation in the environment. Predominantly, food packaging consumes colossal amounts of synthetic plastics over any other packaging materials due to their undeniable advantages. However, the non-biodegradable nature, scarce recycling rates, and migration of additives necessitate a sustainable alternative. In that regard, biodegradable packaging materials prepared using agricultural byproducts could be a novel approach to overcome the waste management hurdles in the processing industries. This thesis demonstrates a feasible route to divert the agricultural byproducts from landfills to sustainable materials for food packaging applications. The first part of this thesis, starch (JSS) and xyloglucan (XG) were extracted from jackfuit seeds and tamarind kernels, respectively. The JSS films showed weak mechanical and water vapor barrier properties than XG films. The blending of XG with JSS reduces the hydrophilicity of the starch films and improves the material strength. Furthermore, JSS/XG nanocomposite films were prepared by reinforcing with zinc oxide nanoparticles (ZNPs). The ZNPs-loaded nanocomposite showed enhanced UV and water vapor barrier properties. The addition of ZNPs effectively transferred the stress to the interface and increased the mechanical properties. The addition of ZNPs effectively transferred the stress to the interface and increased the mechanical properties (ChNPs) have been developed. The blending of JaSS and XG promotes a dense polymer network in the composite films with enhanced packaging antibutes. The addition of 3% w/w ChNPs significantly enhanced the tensile strength (2.42 MPa), elastic modulus (0.8 GPa), and contact angle (80°), along with reduced water vapor permeability (4.32 × 10 ⁻⁹ g m ⁻¹ s ⁻¹ Pa ⁻¹) of the JaSS/XG/IbmS. The films exhibited strong antimicrobial activity against <i>Bacillus cereus</i> and <i>Escherichia</i> coli. More interestingly, the JaSS/KG/IbMPs coating on the sapota fut

Keywords: agricultural byproducts, biodegradable films, starch, xyloglucan, nanoparticles, sustainable materials